LITIGATION ROSTER SALES AND USE TAX

SEPTEMBER 2011

Sales and Use Tax SEPTEMBER 2011

NEW CASES

Case Name Court/Case Number

IRVINE, CITY OF San Francisco County Superior, Case No. CPF-11-511586

CLOSED CASES

<u>Case Name</u> <u>Court/Case Number</u>

NORTEL NETWORKS INC. I Los Angeles County Superior, No. BC 341568 Los Angeles County Superior, No. BC 375660

Please refer to the case roster for more detail regarding new and closed cases

SALES AND USE TAX

LITIGATION ROSTER SEPTEMBER 2011

ALAMEDA, CITY OF, et al. v. The California State Board of Equalization

San Francisco Superior Court Case No. CPF-09-509234 Filed -04/21/09

BOE's Counsel Kris Whitten Plaintiff's Counsel Charles Coleman BOE Attorney John Waid Holland & Knight, LP

Issue(s): Whether BOE's characterization of transactions where the property sold is shipped to California customers from points out of state and the retailer has a business operation in Alameda as being subject to use tax is valid.

Audit/Tax Period: 1995 - Present Amount: Unspecified

The parties have stipulated and filed a motion to assign the City of Alameda v. BOE, City of Brisbane Status:

v. BOE, and the City of South San Francisco v. BOE to a single judge for all purposes. Trial is

BOE's Counsel

continued to October 17, 2011.

ALHAMBRA, CITY OF, et al. v. California State Board of Equalization

Los Angeles Superior Court Case No. BS124978

Court of Appeal, Second Appellate District No. B232833 Filed - 02/19/10

Plaintiff's Counsel

Marta Smith Richard R. Terzian, Mark J. Mulkerin BOE Attorney Burke, Williams & Sorensen, LLP John Waid

Issue(s): Whether BOE's reallocation of local sales tax away from the Los Angeles county-wide pool and directly to the City of Pomona for the period 1994-2009 violates public policy, due process, the statute of limitations, and the consistent and uniform administration of the law as required by Revenue and Taxation Code sections 7221 et seq.

Amount: Unspecified Audit/Tax Period:

Status: The court consolidated the following cases for all purposes: City of Palmdale v. BOE (LASC Case No. BS124919), City of Los Angeles v. BOE (LASC Case No. BS124950), and City of Alhambra v. BOE (LASC Case No. BS124978). City of Palmdale is designated as the lead case.

Plaintiffs' petition for writ of mandate was granted. Judgment entered March 9, 2011. BOE's and City of Pomona's Notice of Appeal were filed May 5, 2011. At the hearing on June 2, 2011, the judge summarily denied Petitioners' motion for attorney fees. The case is currently being briefed in the Court of Appeal.

BRISBANE, CITY OF v. The California State Board of Equalization

San Francisco Superior Court Case No. CPF-09-509232 Filed -04/21/09

BOE's CounselPlaintiff's CounselKris WhittenCharles ColemanBOE AttorneyHolland & Knight, LPJohn Waid

<u>Issue(s)</u>: Whether BOE's characterization of transactions where the property sold is shipped to California customers from points out of state and the retailer has a business operation in Brisbane as being subject to use tax is valid.

<u>Audit/Tax Period</u>: 2001 - Present <u>Amount</u>: Unspecified

Status: The parties have stipulated and filed a motion to assign the *City of Alameda v. BOE*, *City of Brisbane v. BOE*, and the *City of South San Francisco v. BOE* to a single judge for all purposes. Trial is continued to October 17, 2011.

D.R. SYSTEMS, INC. v. State of California; State Board of Equalization

San Diego County Superior Court Case No. 37-2009-00094087 Filed –

BOE's Counsel

Plaintiff's Counsel

Leslie Branman Smith

Scott Savary
Savary, APC

BOE Attorney
Renee Carter

<u>Issue(s)</u>: Did plaintiff file a timely Claim for Refund for self-help credits subsequently disallowed during an audit by the BOE's Sales & Use Tax Department?

Audit/Tax Period: 04/01/02 – 12/31/05 Amount: \$283,410.00

Status: In the court's Minute Order dated May 24, 2011, SBE's Motion for Summary Judgment was granted. Plaintiff's motion for reconsideration of the court's ruling denying the plaintiff's motion for summary judgment was denied on September 9, 2011.

DANIEL, HUBERT v. State Board of Equalization, et al.	
Stanislaus County Superior Court Case No. 658605	Filed – 10/01/10
	BOE's Counsel
Plaintiff's Counsel	James Phillips
Hubert Daniel	BOE Attorney
In Pro Per	Greg Day

<u>Issue(s)</u>: Whether or not plaintiff had exhausted administrative remedies before filing the action in the court, as required by <u>Revenue and Taxation Code section 6932</u> and <u>Government Code section 900</u> et seq. et seq., <u>905</u> et seq., <u>910</u> et seq., and <u>915</u> et seq. BOE contends that an administrative appeal has not yet completed, so plaintiff is not entitled to seek judicial action.

<u>Audit/Tax Period</u>: None <u>Amount</u>: Unspecified

Status: On May 16, 2011, the court granted BOE's Motion to Change Venue. On June 6, 2011, the Court issued an Order Granting BOE's Motion to Change Venue to Sacramento County pursuant to Revenue and Taxation Code Section 6933.

FILLMORE, CITY OF v. California State Board of Equalization

Los Angeles Superior Court Case No. BS120799

Court of Appeal, Second Appellate District No. B219483

 Plaintiff's Counsel
 Stephen Lew

 Jeffrey S. Baird, Joseph A. Vinatieri
 BOE Attorney

 Bewley, Lassleben & Miller, LLP
 John Waid

Filed -05/26/09

BOE's Counsel

<u>Issue(s)</u>: Whether <u>Revenue & Taxation Code section 7056</u> requires that consultants contracting with cities regarding local sales tax allocation must be authorized by resolution to represent the city and must meet certain criteria, including that they may not also represent retailers.

<u>Audit/Tax Period</u>: None <u>Amount</u>: Unspecified

Status: On April 20, 2011, the Second District Court of Appeal reversed the decision of the trial court. On June 20, 2011, the Court of Appeal issued its remittitur. At the August 25, 2011 Status Conference, the judge issued an order that BOE is to reallocate to the petitioners local sales tax revenues from 4Q 2007 and all of 2008. The judgment was signed on September 15, 2011; writ is not yet served; and the Return must be filed by January 12, 2012.

HOFSTADTER, DAVID, et al. v. The State Board of Equalization

(Class Action Complaint for Constructive Trust, etc.)

Los Angeles Superior Court Case No. BC376547 Filed – 08/24/07

BOE's CounselPlaintiffs' CounselBonnie HolcombMitch KalcheimBOE AttorneyKalcheim/SalahJohn Waid

<u>Issue(s)</u>: Whether Dell properly collected use tax from its customers measured by the amount of a mail-in rebate on the sales (Revenue and Taxation Code 6011; Regulation 1671).

<u>Audit/Tax Period</u>: None <u>Amount</u>: Unspecified

<u>Status</u>: Telephonic status conference continued to September 9, 2011. The status conference has been continued to November 15, 2011.

INTAGLIO CORPORATION v. State Board of Equalization

Sacramento Superior Court Case No. 05AS02558 Filed – 06/13/05

BOE's CounselPlaintiff's CounselSteven J. GreenR. Todd LuomaBOE AttorneyLaw Offices of Richard Todd LuomaJeffrey Graybill

<u>Issue(s)</u>: Whether plaintiff can exempt from tax its charges for special printing aids (<u>Regulation 1541</u>).

<u>Audit/Tax Period</u>: 04/01/97-12/31/00 <u>Amount</u>: \$208,513.38

Status: Pending trial setting.

IRVINE, CITY OF v. California State Board of Equalization

San Francisco Superior Court Case No. CPF-11-511586 Filed – 9/19/11

Plaintiff's Counsel
Charles L. Colman III

BOE's Counsel
Kris Whitten
BOE Attorneys

Holland & Knight John Waid/Kiren Chohan

<u>Issue(s)</u>: Whether BOE has violated the <u>Bradley-Burns Uniform Local Tax Law</u>, wherein BOE purportedly improperly distributed local sales tax revenues from transactions involving sales negotiated in the City of Irvine and fulfilled by shipment of merchandise from out of state.

Audit/Tax Period: None Amount: Unspecified

Status: On September 19, 2011, Plaintiff filed a Petition for Writ of Mandate and Complaint.

ISTRIN, JONATHAN v. Ralphs Grocery Company, California State Board of Equalization

(Class Action Complaint for Constructive Trust, etc.)

San Francisco Superior Court Case No. CPF-09-509234 Filed – 03/20/09

<u>BOE's Counsel</u> Elisa Wolfe-Donato

BOE Attorney

<u>Plaintiff's Counsel</u>
Jordan L. Lurie, Joel E. Elkins

Weiss & Lurie John Waid

<u>Issue(s)</u>: Plaintiff contends that Ralphs improperly collected sales tax reimbursement on sales of hot coffee to go. Plaintiff seeks an injunction against Ralphs. Plaintiff also seeks an order that Ralphs institute a system to accurately track tax on sales of hot coffee to go and to make refund applications to BOE, and an injunction ordering BOE to act on Ralphs' refund applications and to deposit moneys already collected with the court. BOE contends that the court lacks jurisdiction of this case because plaintiff lacks standing to bring a suit to adjudicate a sales tax dispute. Plaintiff may not use remedies not authorized by the Legislature.

<u>Audit/Tax Period</u>: None <u>Amount</u>: Unspecified

<u>Status</u>: The court granted BOE's and Ralphs' Demurrers with 30 days leave to amend. Plaintiff's First Amended Complaint was filed on March 3, 2010. Stipulation for Stay pending the results in *Loeffler* was filed on June 2, 2010.

LOEFFLER, KIMBERLY and AZUCENA LEMUS v. TARGET CORPORATION

(Amicus Curiae Brief)

California Supreme Court Case No. S173972 Filed – 12/15/2008

Court of Appeal, Second Appellate District, Case No. B199287

BOE's Counsel

None

BOE Attorney
John Waid

<u>Issue(s)</u>: This action (between Loeffler and Target to which the SBE was not a party and was not informed of the existence of the litigation) alleges that Target had illegally collected sales tax reimbursement on sale of

hot coffee to go. Loeffler sued Target in superior court under the Unfair Competition Law (UCL-Bus. & Prof. Code, §§ 17200 et seq.)

Audit/Tax Period: None Amount: Unspecified

Status: The trial court dismissed the case on the grounds that there is no private right of action that permits customers to sue retailers in matters relating to sales tax.

Court of Appeal: On December 6, 2008, the court of appeal granted SBE's application to file an amicus brief in support of Target. In a published decision issued May 12, 2009, the Second District Court of Appeal upheld the SBE's position and affirmed the decision of the trial court on all counts.

CA Supreme Court: The court granted SBE's application to file an amicus brief and supplemental brief in support of Respondent Target, filed respectively on April 15, 2010 and July 8, 2011.

LOS ANGELES, CITY OF, et al. v. California State Board of Equalization

Los Angeles Superior Court Case No. BS124950 Filed - 02/16/10BOE's Counsel

Plaintiff's Counsel

Marta Smith Carmen Trutanich, Pejmon Shemtoob BOE Attorney Office of the Los Angeles City Attorney John Waid

Issue(s): Whether BOE's reallocation of local sales tax away from the Los Angeles county-wide pool and directly to the City of Pomona for the period 1994-2009 violates public policy, due process, the statute of limitations, and the consistent and uniform administration of the law as required by Revenue and Taxation Code sections 7221 et seq.

Audit/Tax Period: Amount: Unspecified

Status: At the hearing on April 8, 2010, the court granted petitioners' motions. The court ordered that BOE's administrative decision issued January 15, 2010 is stayed pending the judgment of the court, filing of a notice of appeal from the judgment, or until the expiration of the time for filing such notice of appeal, whichever occurs first.

The court consolidated the following cases for all purposes: City of Palmdale v. BOE (LASC Case No. BS124919), City of Los Angeles v. BOE (LASC Case No. BS124950), and City of Alhambra v. BOE (LASC Case No. BS124978). City of Palmdale is designated as the lead case.

Plaintiffs' petition for writ of mandate was granted. Judgment entered March 9, 2011. BOE's and City of Pomona's Notice of Appeal were filed May 5, 2011. At the hearing on June 2, 2011, the judge summarily denied Petitioners' motion for attorney fees.

LUCENT TECHNOLOGIES, INC. I, et al. v. State Board of Equalization of the State of California

Los Angeles Superior Court Case No. BC402036 Filed – 11/14/08

BOE's Counsel Ronald Ito Plaintiff's Counsel Jeffrey G. Varga BOE Attorney Paul, Hastings, Janofsky & Walker LLP Jeffrey Graybill <u>Issue(s)</u>: (1) Does the sale of software qualify for technology transfer agreement treatment; (2) have the plaintiffs established that the engineering and support charges are related to sales of tangible personal property; and (3) did plaintiffs use the prior agreement to calculate their tax liability for the subject quarter. (Revenue and Taxation Code sections <u>6012</u> and <u>6010.9</u>; Regulations <u>1502</u> and <u>1507</u>.)

<u>Audit/Tax Period</u>: 1/1/95 - 12/31/99 <u>Amount</u>: \$3,480,913.12

Status: On December 21, 2010, the court issued its order consolidating *Lucent Technologies, Inc. v. BOE* (Lucent I), LASC Case No. BC402036, and *Lucent Technologies, Inc. v. BOE* (Lucent II), LASC Case No. BC448715. Lucent I is designated the lead case. The final settlement conference and trial dates were vacated.

LUCENT TECHNOLOGIES, INC. II v. State Board of Equalization of the State of California

Los Angeles Superior Court Case No. BC448715 Filed – 11/02/2010

Plaintiff's CounselBOE's CounselJeffrey G. Varga, Julian DecykStephen LewPaul, Hastings, Janofsky & Walker LLPBOE AttorneyJeffrey Graybill

<u>Issue(s)</u>: Does the sale of software qualify for technology transfer agreement treatment. (Revenue and Taxation Code sections 6012 and 6010.9; Regulations 1502 and 1507.)

Audit/Tax Period: 2/1/96 – 9/30/00 Amount: \$276,832,998.67

Status: On December 21, 2010, the court issued its order consolidating *Lucent Technologies, Inc. v. BOE* (Lucent I), LASC Case No. BC402036, and *Lucent Technologies, Inc. v. BOE* (Lucent II), LASC Case No. BC448715. Lucent I is designated the lead case. The final settlement conference and trial dates were vacated.

McCLAIN, MICHAEL, et al. v. Sav-On Drugs, et al.

Cross Complaint: Albertson's Inc, et al. v. The California State Board of Equalization

Los Angeles Superior Court Case No. BC325272 Filed – 02/24/06

Plaintiffs' CounselBOE's CounselPhilip J. Eskanazi, Lee A. CirschBonnie HolcombBOE Attorney

Akin, Gump, Strauss, Haur & Feld LLP

John Waid

<u>Issue(s)</u>: Whether sales tax reimbursement was illegally being collected on the sale of glucose test strips and skin puncture lancets which were exempt from sales tax (<u>Regulation 1591.1</u>).

Audit/Tax Period: None Amount: Unspecified

Status: By order dated November 17, 2007, the trial court ruled in favor of defendants Sav-on Drugs, et al., that sales tax was properly applied to these transactions. Further issues not involving the BOE are still pending. On July 6, 2011, the court heard Walgreen's motion for summary judgment or summary adjudication of issues. The court denied summary judgment as to all issues against both plaintiffs. The

court granted summary adjudication as to the sales of skin lancets as to both plaintiffs and as to the sales of glucose test strips as to plaintiff Feigenblatt. Plaintiff Feigenblatt was dismissed from the case. Plaintiff McClain remains in the case but only as to sales of glucose test strips. The court did not grant summary judgment as to all causes of action because the court is still awaiting the California Supreme Court's ruling in *Loeffler*. Plaintiffs' motion to compel discovery and defendants' motion for judgment on the pleadings is continued, along with the Status Conference, from September 27, 2011, to October 26, 2011.

McCLAIN, MICHAEL, et al. v. Sav-On Drugs, et al.

Cross-Complaint: CVS, Inc. v. California State Board of Equalization

Los Angeles Superior Court Case No. BC325272

<u>Plaintiffs' Counsel</u> Richard T. Williams Holland & Knight LLP Filed – 01/24/06

<u>BOE's Counsel</u>

Bonnie Holcomb

BOE Attorney

John Waid

<u>Issue(s)</u>: Whether sales tax reimbursement was illegally being collected on the sale of glucose test strips and skin puncture lancets which were exempt from sales tax (<u>Regulation 1591.1</u>).

<u>Audit/Tax Period</u>: None <u>Amount</u>: Unspecified

Status: By order dated November 17, 2007, the trial court ruled in favor of defendants Sav-on Drugs, et al., that sales tax was properly applied to these transactions. Further issues not involving the BOE are still pending. On July 6, 2011, the court heard Walgreen's motion for summary judgment or summary adjudication of issues. The court denied summary judgment as to all issues against both plaintiffs. The court granted summary adjudication as to the sales of skin lancets as to both plaintiffs and as to the sales of glucose test strips as to plaintiff Feigenblatt. Plaintiff Feigenblatt was dismissed from the case. Plaintiff McClain remains in the case but only as to sales of glucose test strips. The court did not grant summary judgment as to all causes of action because the court is still awaiting the California Supreme Court's ruling in *Loeffler*. Plaintiffs' motion to compel discovery and defendants' motion for judgment on the pleadings is continued, along with the Status Conference, from September 27, 2011, to October 26, 2011.

McCLAIN, MICHAEL, et al. v. Sav-On Drugs, et al.

Cross-Complaint: Longs Drug Stores Corporation, et al. v. California State Board of Equalization

Los Angeles Superior Court Case No. BC325272 Filed – 01/24/06

BOE's Counsel

Plaintiffs' Counsel

Bonnie Holcomb

Douglas A. Winthrop, Christopher Kao

BOE Attorney

Howard, Rice, Nemerovski, Canady, Falk & Rabkin

John Waid

<u>Issue(s)</u>: Whether sales tax reimbursement was illegally being collected on the sale of glucose test strips and skin puncture lancets which were exempt from sales tax (<u>Regulation 1591.1</u>).

Audit/Tax Period: None Amount: Unspecified

<u>Status</u>: By order dated November 17, 2007, the trial court ruled in favor of defendants Sav-on Drugs, et al., that sales tax was properly applied to these transactions. Further issues not involving the BOE are still

pending. On July 6, 2011, the court heard Walgreen's motion for summary judgment or summary adjudication of issues. The court denied summary judgment as to all issues against both plaintiffs. The court granted summary adjudication as to the sales of skin lancets as to both plaintiffs and as to the sales of glucose test strips as to plaintiff Feigenblatt. Plaintiff Feigenblatt was dismissed from the case. Plaintiff McClain remains in the case but only as to sales of glucose test strips. The court did not grant summary judgment as to all causes of action because the court is still awaiting the California Supreme Court's ruling in *Loeffler*. Plaintiffs' motion to compel discovery and defendants' motion for judgment on the pleadings is continued, along with the Status Conference, from September 27, 2011, to October 26, 2011.

McCLAIN, MICHAEL, et al. v. Sav-On Drugs, et al.

Cross-Complaint: Rite Aid v. The California State Board of Equalization

Los Angeles Superior Court Case No. BC325272 Filed – 01/24/06

Plaintiffs' CounselBOE's CounselBonnie HolcombDouglas C. RawlesBOE AttorneyReedSmith LLPJohn Waid

<u>Issue(s)</u>: Whether sales tax reimbursement was illegally being collected on the sale of glucose test strips and skin puncture lancets which were exempt from sales tax (Regulation 1591.1).

Audit/Tax Period: None Amount: Unspecified

Status: By order dated November 17, 2007, the trial court ruled in favor of defendants Sav-on Drugs, et al., that sales tax was properly applied to these transactions. Further issues not involving the BOE are still pending. On July 6, 2011, the court heard Walgreen's motion for summary judgment or summary adjudication of issues. The court denied summary judgment as to all issues against both plaintiffs. The court granted summary adjudication as to the sales of skin lancets as to both plaintiffs and as to the sales of glucose test strips as to plaintiff Feigenblatt. Plaintiff Feigenblatt was dismissed from the case. Plaintiff McClain remains in the case but only as to sales of glucose test strips. The court did not grant summary judgment as to all causes of action because the court is still awaiting the California Supreme Court's ruling in *Loeffler*. Plaintiffs' motion to compel discovery and defendants' motion for judgment on the pleadings is continued, along with the Status Conference, from September 27, 2011, to October 26, 2011.

McCLAIN, MICHAEL, et al. v. Sav-On Drugs, et al.

Cross-Complaint: Wal-Mart Stores, Inc. v. The California State Board of Equalization

Los Angeles Superior Court Case No. BC325272 Filed – 02/24/06

Plaintiffs' CounselBOE's CounselGail E. Lees, Brian WaltersBonnie HolcombGibson, Dunn & Crutcher LLPJohn Waid

<u>Issue(s)</u>: Whether sales tax reimbursement was illegally being collected on the sale of glucose test strips and skin puncture lancets which were exempt from sales tax (<u>Regulation 1591.1</u>).

Audit/Tax Period: None Amount: Unspecified

Status: By order dated November 17, 2007, the trial court ruled in favor of defendants Sav-on Drugs, et al., that sales tax was properly applied to these transactions. Further issues not involving the BOE are still pending. On July 6, 2011, the court heard Walgreen's motion for summary judgment or summary adjudication of issues. The court denied summary judgment as to all issues against both plaintiffs. The court granted summary adjudication as to the sales of skin lancets as to both plaintiffs and as to the sales of glucose test strips as to plaintiff Feigenblatt. Plaintiff Feigenblatt was dismissed from the case. Plaintiff McClain remains in the case but only as to sales of glucose test strips. The court did not grant summary judgment as to all causes of action because the court is still awaiting the California Supreme Court's ruling in *Loeffler*. Plaintiffs' motion to compel discovery and defendants' motion for judgment on the pleadings is continued, along with the Status Conference, from September 27, 2011, to October 26, 2011.

McCLAIN, MICHAEL, et al. v. Sav-On Drugs, et al.

Cross-Complaint: Walgreen Co. v. The California State Board of Equalization

Los Angeles Superior Court Case No. BC325272

<u>Plaintiffs' Counsel</u> Douglas C. Rawles ReedSmith LLP Filed – 02/24/06

<u>BOE's Counsel</u>

Bonnie Holcomb

<u>BOE Attorney</u>

John Waid

<u>Issue(s)</u>: Whether sales tax reimbursement was illegally being collected on the sale of glucose test strips and skin puncture lancets which were exempt from sales tax (<u>Regulation 1591.1</u>).

<u>Audit/Tax Period</u>: None <u>Amount</u>: Unspecified

Status: By order dated November 17, 2007, the trial court ruled in favor of defendants Sav-on Drugs, et al., that sales tax was properly applied to these transactions. Further issues not involving the BOE are still pending. On July 6, 2011, the court heard Walgreen's motion for summary judgment or summary adjudication of issues. The court denied summary judgment as to all issues against both plaintiffs. The court granted summary adjudication as to the sales of skin lancets as to both plaintiffs and as to the sales of glucose test strips as to plaintiff Feigenblatt. Plaintiff Feigenblatt was dismissed from the case. Plaintiff McClain remains in the case but only as to sales of glucose test strips. The court did not grant summary judgment as to all causes of action because the court is still awaiting the California Supreme Court's ruling in *Loeffler*. Plaintiffs' motion to compel discovery and defendants' motion for judgment on the pleadings is continued, along with the Status Conference, from September 27, 2011, to October 26, 2011.

MOHAN, DIANE, et al. v. Dell, Inc., et al.

San Francisco Superior Court Case No. CGC 03-419192

<u>Plaintiffs' Counsel</u> Jason Bergmann

Paul, Hastings, Janofsky & Walker, LLP

Filed – 11/01/04

<u>BOE's Counsel</u>

Anne Michelle Burr

<u>BOE Attorney</u>

John Waid

<u>Issue(s)</u>: Whether Dell illegally collected use tax measured by the price of optional service contracts even though the contracts were not separately stated on the invoice (<u>Revenue and Taxation Code 6011</u>; Regulations 1546 and 1655).

<u>Audit/Tax Period</u>: None <u>Amount</u>: Unspecified

Status: The trial court ruled that the service contracts were in fact optional and that the Dell entities should not have collected tax on their sales. Dell took up a writ of mandate on this issue to the First District Court of Appeal. In a published decision, the appeals court agreed with the trial judge. (*Dell, Inc. v. Sup. Ct.* (2008) 159 Cal.App.4th 911.) Plaintiffs' Unfair Competition Law claims are still pending.

The court continued the Case Management/Settlement Conference to December 9, 2011.

PALMDALE, CITY OF, et al. v. State of California, Board of Equalization

Los Angeles Superior Court Case No. BS124919

Plaintiff's Counsel

Mitchell E. Abbott, Veronica S. Gunderson

Richards, Watson & Gershon

Filed – 02/16/10
BOE's Counsel
Marta Smith
BOE Attorney
John Waid

<u>Issue(s)</u>: Whether BOE's reallocation of local sales tax away from the Los Angeles county-wide pool and directly to the City of Pomona for the period 1994-2009 violates public policy, due process, the statute of limitations, and the consistent and uniform administration of the law as required by <u>Revenue and Taxation Code sections 7221</u> et seq.

Audit/Tax Period: Amount: Unspecified

<u>Status</u>: At the hearing on April 8, 2010, the court granted petitioners' motions. The court ordered that BOE's administrative decision issued January 15, 2010 is stayed pending the judgment of the court, filing of a notice of appeal from the judgment, or until the expiration of the time for filing such notice of appeal, whichever occurs first.

The court consolidated the following cases for all purposes: *City of Palmdale v. BOE* (LASC Case No. BS124919), *City of Los Angeles v. BOE* (LASC Case No. BS124950), and *City of Alhambra v. BOE* (LASC Case No. BS124978). *City of Palmdale* is designated as the lead case.

Plaintiffs' petition for writ of mandate was granted. Judgment entered March 9, 2011. BOE's and City of Pomona's Notice of Appeal were filed May 5, 2011. At the hearing on June 2, 2011, the judge summarily denied Petitioners' motion for attorney fees.

SONOMURA, AKIRA v. State Board of Equalization

San Diego Superior Court Case No. 37-2007-00074759-CU-MC-CTL Filed – 05/30/08

BOE's Counsel
Leslie Smith
BOE Attorney
John Waid

Plaintiff's Counsel
Bob Mullen
Attorney at Law

<u>Issue(s)</u>: (1) Whether BOE's issuance of a Notice of Determination pursuant to <u>Revenue and Taxation Code</u> section 6829 was proper; and (2) whether BOE's Notice of Determination was timely (<u>Revenue and Taxation Code section 6487</u>).

<u>Audit/Tax Period</u>: 04/01/1993 – 03/31/1996 (dual 04/25/2002) <u>Amount</u>: \$79,000.00

Status: BOE's Answer was filed July 8, 2008. BOE is conducting discovery.

SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO, CITY OF v. California State Board of Equalization, et al.

San Francisco Superior Court Case No. CPF-09-509231 Filed – 02/20/09

BOE's CounselPlaintiff's CounselKris WhittenPeter S. HayesBOE AttorneyMeyers, Nave, Roback, Silver & WilsonJohn Waid

<u>Issue(s)</u>: Whether BOE's characterization of transactions where the property sold is shipped to California customers from points out of state and the retailer has a business operation in South San Francisco as being subject to use tax is valid.

Audit/Tax Period: 1996 - Present Amount: Unspecified

Status: The parties have stipulated and filed a motion to assign the *City of Alameda v. BOE*, *City of Brisbane v. BOE*, and the *City of South San Francisco v. BOE* to a single judge for all purposes. Trial is

continued to October 17, 2011.

TESTOUT CORPORATION v. State Board of Equalization

Los Angeles Superior Court Case No. BC442139 Filed – 07/22/2010

Plaintiff's Counsel
In Elisa Wolfe
Jonathan G. Fetterly
Holme Roberts & Owen LLP

BOE's Counsel
Elisa Wolfe
BOE Attorney
Wendy Vierra

<u>Issue(s)</u>: Is plaintiff, an out-of-state retailer, entitled to a refund of use taxes it collected on sales it made to its California customers and submitted to the BOE during the period it held a use tax registration with the Board? (Sales and Use Tax Regulation 1684(c).)

Audit/Tax Period: 1/1/03 – 12/31/05 Amount: \$105,602.00

Status: Plaintiff's amended complaint was filed on April 8, 2011. A hearing on matters presented in briefs is scheduled for November 10, 2011.

WOOSLEY, CHARLES PATRICK v. State Board of Equalization

Los Angeles Superior Court Case No. CA000499

Court of Appeal, Second Appellate District, Case No. B113661

Plaintiff's Counsel

James M. Gansinger

Gansinger, Hinshaw

Filed – 06/20/78

BOE's Counsel

Diane Spencer-Shaw

BOE Attorney

Sharon Brady Silva

<u>Issue(s)</u>: Whether the taxpayer is entitled to a refund of the vehicle license fee (<u>Revenue and Taxation Code</u> sections 10753 and 10758) and use tax imposed.

Audit/Tax Period: None Amount: \$1,492.00

Status: On July 21, 2010, the California Supreme Court denied Woosley's Petition for Review. As no further appeals may be taken from the appellate decision, the case will be remanded to the trial court to make further determinations in accordance with the appellate court's decision. Remittitur issued August 3, 2010. Woosley filed his brief on August 22, 2011. Further hearings have been scheduled on November 15, 2011 to conclude arguments regarding the first attorney's fee issue and begin on the second issue, and January 23, 2012 concerning the second and third attorneys' fees issues.

YABSLEY, RICHARD A. v. CINGULAR WIRELESS LLC

(Amicus Curiae Brief)

California Supreme Court, Case No. S176146

Court of Appeal, Second Appellate District, Case No. B198827

None

BOE Attorney

Filed - 12/15/08

BOE's Counsel

John Waid

<u>Issue(s)</u>: This is an Unfair Competition Law case in which plaintiff alleges that the retailer illegally collected sales tax reimbursement based on the full value of the cellular phone purchased rather than the bundled price. The trial court found that <u>Regulation 1585</u>, which required that the sales tax be

imposed on the regular price, provided a safe harbor from the customer's unfair competition and false advertising claims. The appeal court affirmed on that basis and also held that <u>Cal. Const., art. XII.,</u> § 32, and <u>Rev. & Tax. Code,</u> § 6932, barred the action because the customer's sole remedy for the return of excess sales tax collected was under <u>Rev. & Tax. Code 6901.5.</u> The court also found that the plaintiff lacked standing to maintain his claims because he cited no independently actionable violations, did not show that he was entitled to reimbursement, and could not prove causation. The receipt gave the customer notice of the amount of the tax and, under Civ. Code, § 1555.1 created a rebuttable presumption that he agreed to pay it.

SBE filed an amicus brief to support the taxpayer's position that: 1) SBE consumer remedy statutes cannot be used to adjudicate tax disputes; and 2) SBE regulations provided a safe harbor from allegations of illegal activities under the unfair competition law.

Audit/Tax Period: None Amount: Unspecified

Status: The Court of Appeal issued its opinion on August 19, 2009, and published as 176 Cal.App.4th 1156, agreeing with the SBE's position. On November 19, 2009, the taxpayer petitioned the Supreme Court for review. The Court deferred further action pending consideration and disposition of a related issue in Loeffler v. Target Corp., California Supreme Court Case No. S173972 (see Cal. Rules of Court, rule 8.512(d)(2)), or pending further order of the Court. The Court vacated the Court of Appeal's opinion. Oral argument in Loeffler has not yet been set.

SALES & USE TAX

CLOSED CASES LITIGATION ROSTER SEPTEMBER 2011

NORTEL NETWORKS INC. I v. State Board of Equalization of the State of California

Los Angeles Superior Court Case No. BC341568 Filed – 10/17/05
Court of Appeal, Second Appellate District, Case No. B213415 BOE's Counsel
California Supreme Court, Case No. S190946 Stephen Lew

Plaintiff's Counsel

Jeffrey Varga, Julian Decyk
Paul, Hastings, Janofsky & Walker LLP

Mike Llewellyn

<u>Issue(s)</u>: 1) Whether <u>Regulation 1507</u> is valid, 2) whether the software sold by Nortel is prewritten, and 3) whether the software sales agreements technology transferred agreements.

<u>Audit/Tax Period</u>: 01/01/94-12/31/97 (audit); 01/01/96-06/30/01 (refund) <u>Amount</u>: \$36,520,136.70

<u>Disposition:</u> On September 26, 2011, Plaintiffs' attorneys filed an Acknowledgement of Satisfaction of Judgment.

NORTEL NETWORKS INC. II v. State Board of Equalization of the State of California

Los Angeles Superior Court Case No. BC375660

Filed – 08/09/07

BOE's Counsel

Lew/Wolfe-Donato

Jeffrey G. Varga

BOE Attorney

Paul, Hastings, Janofsky & Walker LLP

Mike Llewellyn

<u>Issue(s)</u>: Whether the engineering services rendered by Nortel were part of the sale of tangible personal property under <u>Revenue and Taxation Code sections 6011(c)(10)</u> and <u>6012(c)(10)</u>.

Audit/Tax Period: 01/01/94-12/31/97 Amount: \$1,054,020.00

<u>Disposition</u>: Case settled. Joint Stipulation for Issuance of Warrant and Order entered September 1, 2011. Nortel's request for dismissal was entered by the court on October 4, 2011.

DISCLAIMER

Every attempt has been made to ensure the information contained herein is valid and accurate at the time of publication. However, the tax laws are complex and subject to change. If there is a conflict between the law and the information found, decisions will be made based on the law.

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